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## **READING TASK 1**

Read the webpage carefully and complete the tasks that follow.

CodeWeavers - Your Home... ×



← → C ☆ http://www. shareit.com/

We all experience embarrassing moments, but we laugh about them afterwards. Write in and share yours with our readers. It'll make you feel better.



New Tab

A. Sophie: "I was taking the lift up to my room in our hotel while I was on vacation with my family. This guy got on and started talking to me, but his back was turned to me.

He asked me how I was doing, what I was up to, and I kept answering him. Then he turned towards me and said rudely, 'Do you mind? I'm on the phone!""



C. Evelyn: "As my friends and I were walking through our local shopping mall one day, I noticed a male model in a shop window wearing this jacket that looked so soft! It fascinated me and I just had to

touch it! As I started feeling it, the model moved! In the end, it was a real live man! He was just standing really still. I quickly apologized and ran away as fast as I could!"



B. Gemma: "I was in the cafeteria buying a slice of pizza when I heard another customer call out my name. It seemed important, so I took my pizza and went to

investigate. While I was running, I didn't see a schoolbag lying in the middle of the floor and I fell over it! I had pizza all over my face, and everyone was laughing at me!"



D. Alice: "My boyfriend and I went out to eat with our families. We are all really good friends. I was wearing my best clothes and kept getting up to get more coffee so he would notice me. I was so distracted

that I walked right into a waiter who was carrying about ten drinks. All the drinks fell on the floor and everyone at the table, including my boyfriend, thought it was very funny!"

Answer the questions with A, B, C or D.

- 1. ended up with a dirty face?
- 3. answered someone's questions?

2. was well dressed?

- 4. got a shock when she touched something? C



Choose the correct option (a, b or c).

- 1. Which of the following is NOT true?
  - **a.** Sophie was staying in a hotel with her family.
  - **b.** The man in the lift was interested in Sophie.
  - c. Sophie thought that the man was talking to her.
- 2. Gemma ...
  - a. forgot about her pizza when someone called her name.
  - **b.** was buying some pizza for a customer in the cafeteria.
  - (c.) didn't look where she was going in the cafeteria.

- 3. Why was Evelyn so surprised?
  - a. because the jacket was so soft
  - (b.) because the model was alive
  - c. because the man apologized to her
- 4. Which of the following is true?
  - (a.) Alice wanted her boyfriend to look at her.
  - **b.** Alice's boyfriend didn't think what happened was funny.
  - c. Alice got up to get coffee for her family.

3

Fill in the missing words. There is ONE extra word that you will not need.

vacation customer investigating shopping mall notice fascinating distraction

- 1. Mike is a(n) <u>fascinating</u> person. He has so many stories to tell about his experiences.
- 2. Excuse me, sir. This \_\_\_\_\_\_ wants to return this dress. It's too small for her. **3.** I find music an annoying <u>distraction</u> when I'm trying to study my lessons.
- **4.** The police are <u>investigating</u> the car crash that happened in Broad Street last night.
- 5. Olga seems to spend most of her free time at the shopping mall looking for bargains.
- **6.** My family and I had a great <u>vacation</u> in London. I'll never forget it.

## A READING TASK 2 (>)

Read the news story carefully and complete the tasks that follow.

### Three boys survive 50 days lost in Pacific



Three young boys have been found alive after surviving in their boat in the Pacific Ocean for 50 days. The boys come from the Tokelau Islands, but a fishing boat picked them up 800 miles away, near Fiji!

They **<u>survived</u>** on fruit that they had with them, water, and a seabird that they managed to catch.

The boys, Samu Perez and Filo Filo, both 15, and Edward Nasau, 14, set out in a small boat on 5<sup>th</sup> October. They were taking part in an annual <u>race</u> but never <u>reached</u> their destination. Helicopters searched for days but failed to find them and everyone believed they were dead.

Weeks later, they were found north-east of Fiji by the fishing boat. "We asked if they needed any help and their reply was a very happy 'Yes!'" the captain, Tai Fredricsen, told the BBC.

"We immediately rescued them in our lifeboat and gave them

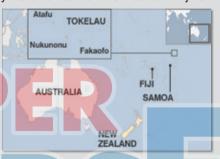
food and drink."

Mr Fredricsen said the boys had had a small amount of fruit on their boat, but that it had **run out** after two days.

"To begin with, they were only drinking fresh water, which they managed to collect during the night when it rained," he said. "But during the last few days, they started drinking salt water, which was extremely dangerous for them," he added.

Although the boys are very thin and weak, they are surprisingly healthy after their terrible experience under the **burning** tropical sun. Now, they have to wait for two weeks in Fiji for

a boat to <u>take</u> them <u>back</u> to their faraway island home. They are looking forward to seeing their loved ones again and telling the <u>tale</u> of their adventures.



Decide if the following statements are True (T), False (F) or Not Stated (N/S).

- 1. The boys ate fish to stay alive.
- 2. All the boys were teenagers.
- 3. The boat race takes place every year.
- 4. The fishing boat captain comes from the same island as the boys
- 5. The boys were rescued by helicopters.
- 6. The boys were able to get fresh water to drink.
- 7. The captain took the boys home with him.
- 8. The boys want to write a book about their experience.

Т	PLBBSING
boys.	

 $\mathbf{2}$  Match the underlined words from the text with their meanings. There is one extra word that you will not need.

A. arrive	ed at <b>B.</b> re	eturn	C. finished	<b>D.</b> lived	E. start	F. story	G. competition	n H. hot	I. saved
1. surviv	red .	D. lived			5.	run out	C. finished		
2. race		G. comp	petition		6.	burning	H. hot		
3. reach	ed .	A. arrive	d at		7.	take back	B. return		
4. rescu	ed .	I. saved			8.	tale	F. story		

Read and complete the notes. Write no more than 3 words from the text in each gap.

- All the other boats reached their destination / finished the race, but the three boys disappeared.
   The boys only had a small amount of / little fruit with them but it helped them to survive.
- 3. It often rained during the night so the boys had fresh water to drink.
- **4.** The boys are \_\_\_\_\_\_ going back to their families on their island.

Choose	the	correct	option	(a,	b	or	c).

- 1. While Ted \_\_\_\_ his homework, the lights went out.
  - a. did
- **b.** does
- **c.**) was doing
- 2. We all got on the bus \_\_\_\_\_ it arrived at our stop.
  - a. as soon as
- **b.** until
- c. while
- 3. What do you and your family usually do \_\_\_\_\_?
- a. tonight
- **b.**) at weekends
- c. this week
- 4. This film \_\_\_\_\_ exciting. Let's go and see it.
  - a. is looking
- **b.** looks
- c. was looking
- **5.** When was \_\_\_\_\_ you saw your aunt and uncle?
- a. last month
- **b.** the other day **c.** the last time

- 6. Kim \_\_\_\_ any help. She can manage by herself.

  - a. isn't needing (b.) doesn't need
- c. didn't need
- 7. Where did Ceri go \_\_\_\_\_ she left here?
  - a. as
- b. while
- c. when
- 8. We \_\_\_\_a cup of tea. Do you want one too?
  - (a.) are having
- **b.** have
- c. were having
- 9. Mum doesn't \_\_\_\_\_ go out in the evening.
  - a. seldom
- **b.** often
- c. rarely
- 10. Kevin \_\_\_\_\_ in the show this week. He's ill.
  - a. doesn't appear (b.) isn't appearing c. didn't appear

### Complete with the Present Simple or Continuous of the verbs in brackets.

- 1. Dad isn't having (not have) a bath at the moment. You can use the bathroom if you want to.
- Do you understand (you / understand) what our teacher is talking about?
- 3. Nancy looks worried. What is she thinking (she / think) about?
- is smelling 5. Look at that old lady. She ..... ..... (smell) the flowers in my front garden.
- (sound) really bad. Somebody needs to fix it. sounds 6. That old piano ....
- Write full sentences with the words given using the correct tenses of the verbs.
- 1. Jim visit his grandma when I call him last night Jim was visiting his grandma when I called him last night.
- Kit rarely watch TV / She come home too late Kit rarely watches TV. She comes home too late.
- 2. I never work on Fridays / I have nice long weekends I never work on Fridays. I have nice long weekends.
- 5. Liv try on dresses now / She want to buy a new one Liv is trying on dresses now. She wants to buy a new one.
- 3. while Derek write e-mails the lights go out While Derek was writing e-mails, the lights went out.
- 6. as mum iron dad's shirt / she burn a hole in it As mum was ironing dad's shirt, she burnt a hole in it.

#### Choose and circle.

- 1. Jim doesn't think he'll ever get used wearing /(to wearing)/ to wear a suit for work.
- 2. When we were kids we got used to /would/ were used to cycle to school in the mornings.
- 3. Nancy wasn't used(to waking) to wake / wake up early so she put on her alarm clock.
- 4. Did John and Miriam finally use / (get used) / be used to living in the centre of the city?
- 5. Dad didn't used / wasn't used / (didn't use) to get tired so easily. He's working too hard these days.
- 6. Don't worry about Sally. She is used / gets used / used to managing everything on her own.



### 5

#### Underline the mistakes and write your corrections in the spaces provided.

Don't tak	e that book! It is belonging	to my brother.		belongs
Carmen v	would live in a small village	in the country when she	was a child.	lived / used to live
Ken goes	often to the library on Satu	ırday mornings.		often goes
Daisy was	sn't used to <u>live</u> in a hot clir		living	
What did	you put in this cake? It is ta	asting really good!		tastes
Pete was	watching a film on TV while	e Heather came in from	work.	when
Eddy had	d a shower and then he was	brushing his teeth.		brushed
Are you r	emembering when we used	d to play all day long in t	he park?	Do you remember
You are u	using eggs, sugar and flour	to make these biscuits.		use
. Bobby ne	ever used to being such a g	ood student. He works v	very hard now.	be
a. Mary wor	uld never get up early and arely used to go jogging earlidn't use to go jogging early got up early when she	d go jogging.  arly in the morning.  ly in the morning.	3. We were travelling a. We didn't set off to b. At 6 o'clock we were travelling b. At 6 o'clock we were travelling.	home on the train at 6 o'clock. for home until 6 o'clock. ere still on the train. he 6 o'clock train to get home.
	oose the correct option (a			ve so much homework.
Hello	Mark! 1anything on	Saturday? I <sup>2</sup> Si	mon for coffee. Do you w	vant to come?
A	1. a. Do you do	<b>b.</b> Are you doing	<b>c.</b> Did you do	d. Were you doing
	2. a. would meet	<b>b.</b> meet	c. met	d. am meeting
l'd lo	ove to but I <sup>3</sup> to go t	o the dentist's. I <sup>4</sup>	a tooth while I <sup>5</sup>	rugby yesterday and it hurts a lot.
1	3. a. am having	<b>b.</b> had	c.)have	d. was having
			(	ar mas maring
	4. a. broke	<b>b.</b> was breaking	c. used to break	d. am breaking
	4. (a.) broke 5. a. used to play	<ul><li>b. was breaking</li><li>b. played</li></ul>		
Oh Mark!	5. a. used to play	<b>b.</b> played	c. used to break c. was playing	d. am breaking
Oh Mark!	5. a. used to play  You 6 accidents where	<b>b.</b> played	c. used to break c. was playing  upid sport! Why 8	d. am breaking d. got used to playing something less dangerous?
Oh Mark!	5. a. used to play	<b>b.</b> played	c. used to break c. was playing  upid sport! Why 8  c. are used to having c. do	<ul> <li>d. am breaking</li> <li>d. got used to playing</li> </ul> something less dangerous? <ul> <li>d. forever have</li> <li>d. were doing</li> </ul>
Oh Mark!	You 6 accidents when the following states a second control of the following states are accidents as a second control of the following states are accidents when the following states are accidents as a second control of the following states are accidents as a second control of the following states are accidents as a second control of the following states are accidents as a second control of the following states are accidents as a second control of the following states are accidents as a second control of the following states are accidents as a second control of the following states are accidents as a second control of the following states are accidents as a second control of the following states are accidents as a second control of the following states are accidents as a second control of the following states are accident as a second control of the following states are accident as a second control of the following states are accident as a second control of the following states are accident as a second control of the following states are accident as a second control of the following states are accident as a second control of the following states are accident as a second control of the following states are accident as a second control of the following states are accident as a second control of the following states are accident as a second control of the following states are accident as a second control of the following states are accident as a second control of the following states are accident as a second control of the following states are accident as a second control of the following states are accident as a second control of the second control of the following states are accident as a second control of the following states are accident as a second control of the following states are accident as a second control of the second control	b. played  nen you 7 that sto  b. are forever having	c. used to break c. was playing  upid sport! Why 8  c. are used to having c. do	<ul><li>d. am breaking</li><li>d. got used to playing</li></ul> something less dangerous? <li>d. forever have</li>
	You 6 accidents when the second	b. played  nen you 7 that sto  b. are forever having b. did b. aren't you trying	c. used to break c. was playing  upid sport! Why <sup>8</sup> c. are used to having c. do c. you don't try	<ul> <li>d. am breaking</li> <li>d. got used to playing</li> </ul> something less dangerous? <ul> <li>d. forever have</li> <li>d. were doing</li> </ul>
	You 6 accidents when the second	b. played  nen you 7 that sto  b. are forever having b. did b. aren't you trying	c. used to break c. was playing  upid sport! Why 8  c. are used to having c. do c. you don't try  golf years ago. Perhaps	d. am breaking d. got used to playing  something less dangerous?  d. forever have d. were doing d. you aren't trying

## C VOCABULARY 🕥

### 1 Choose the correct option (a, b or c).

		_					
		<b>b.</b> variety		9.		so I know how	•
2.		me? Are you ang	_	10.	_	pp because the price	
3.		<ul><li>b. developing</li><li>soon as possible. It'</li></ul>		11.		<b>b.</b> suburban a lot of mone	
	a. anxiety	<b>b.</b> encouragement	c. emergency		a. calculate	<b>b.</b> win	c. earn
4.		_	_	12.		help, please tell me.	_
	a. unlike	<b>b</b> essential	c. various		a. beg	<b>b.</b> encourage	<b>c.</b> require
5.	Our picnic was	by a sudden ra	instorm.	13.	I couldtha	t he was angry but I	didn't know why.
	·	<b>b.</b> ruined				<b>b.</b> sense	
6.	I really like this CD	- it has a wide	of music.	14.	Sue has to learn to	oif she want	s to be a good wife.
	a. allowance	<b>b.</b> requirement	c. variety		a. compromise	b. locate	c. sulk
7.	Try to be more	when you talk t	o your grandpa.	15.	Those shoes were	e a realat on	ly £10!
	a. respectful	b. ancient	c. digital		a. bargain	<b>b.</b> prize	c. cheque
8.	Jed wants a tour	to show him	round on his trip.	16.	No one was	to lend Jan the me	oney she needed.
	a. guide	<b>b.</b> signal	c. compass		a. preventing	<b>b.</b> limiting	c. willing
7	Complete	vith the correct for	ms of the words in brac	kets	;.		
1.	Lorefer celebrating	Christmas in a(n)	traditional		way together	with my family	(tradition)

1. I prefer celebrating Christmas in	a(n) <u>traditional</u>	way together with my family	/. (tradition)
2. Governments really need to work	harder on the prevent	ntion of crime.	(prevent)
3. The realization		ing a doctor made her very happy	(realise)
4. Eliza grew up in a quiet	suburban area, f	ar from the city centre.	(suburb)
5. Ben needs a bit ofencou	ragement from his dag	d if he's going to join the team.	(encourage)
J. Dell'riceds a bit of			
<b>6.</b> My father's <i>operation</i>		s. He's feeling much better now.	
	was a great succes		

Choose the appropriate option (a, b or c) to complete the sentences in the following conversation.

Hey, Tina. I heard you had a great 1 ...... at Ben's party.



**b.** enjoyment

c. part

ard you had a great · ...... at Ben's pa

Yes, it was great! Every <sup>2</sup> \_\_\_\_\_ person was dancing all evening.

2. a. one

**b.** single

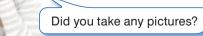
c. each

Yes, and as <sup>3</sup> \_\_\_\_\_ as I get them printed, I'll show them to you.

**3.** (a.) soon

**b.** far

c. well



Thanks, but I could 4 \_\_\_\_\_seeing them.
I'm really sad that I didn't go.

4. a. set off

**b.** try on

c. do without

3



Read the text below and fill in the gaps (1-5) with the correct option. Use each option only once. There is one extra option you will not need.

#### NFWS

#### DELIVE BBC NEWS CHANNEL

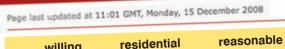


ancient

possessive

News Front Page
World
UK
England
Northern Ireland
Scotland
Wales
Business
Politics
Health
Education
Science & Environment

Technology





Archaeologists have reported an interesting find. Some children were playing in Harlingen, a small 1 residential area in Texas, when they came across some 2 ancient tools that are probably over 5,000 years old. Until then, no information about the history of the area had been 3 available Since the tools seemed to be for fishing, it is 4 reasonable to assume that there used to be a lake or river nearby. Luckily, the children were very 5 willing to share their discovery and immediately took the tools to the local museum.

available

### **5** Choose the correct option (a or b).

1.	It's not easy for a child tosuch a long poem.	a. memory	<b>b.</b> memorize
2.	There wasn't even one after the terrible plane crash.	a. survival	<b>b.</b> survivor
3.	Please check the of rooms at our hotel before you come.	a. availability	<b>b.</b> available
4.	She was advised to have a medical examination.	a. monthly	<b>b.</b> month
5.	There are activities you can take part in at this camp.	a. variety	<b>b.</b> various
6.	Please be quiet and when you are visiting this church.	a. respectable	<b>b.</b> respectful

### **f** Complete the synonymous sentences using the words in brackets.

I'm depending on you to help me.      Counting on you to help me	ounting)	I. I really need Sally to help me. I can't <u>do without Sally's help</u>	(without)
Scientists often do difficult experiments.     Scientists often <u>carry out difficult experiments</u>		They left for London at six o'clock.  Theyset off/out for London at six o'clock	(set)
3. Could I put this dress on to see if it fits?  Could I try on this dress (to see if it fits)	(try) 6	When did the Titanic sink?  When did the Titanic go down	(go) ?

#### Rewrite the sentences using the words given.

1.	It was the opportunity of a lifetime.	LIFETIME
2.	Lucy wants to live by herself.  Lucy wants to live on her own.	OWN
3.	We should go towards the exit.  We should head for the exit.	HEAD
4.	I didn't know about the decision.  I wasn't aware of the decision.	AWARE
5.	I'll be back in two hours. I'll be back in a couple of hours.	COUPLE
6.	No fewer than ten children were sick.  At least ten children were sick.	LEAST



# **Grammar Theory**

### **Lesson 1a**

Present Simple & Present Continuous

#### PRESENT SIMPLE

#### **FORM**

Affirmative	Interrogative	Negative
I play	Do I play?	I do not play
you play	Do you play?	you do not play
he/she/it plays	Does he/she/it play?	he/she/it does not play
we play	Do we play?	we do not play
you play	Do you play?	you do not play
they play	Do they play?	they do not play

#### **SHORT FORMS**

#### Negative I/you/we/they don't play he/she/it doesn't play

#### SPELLING TIPS

```
I carry → he carries
I wash → he washes
I go → he goes
```

#### YES / NO ANSWERS:

Yes, I/you ... do.Yes, he/she ... does.No, I/you .... don't.No, he/she ... doesn't.

#### USE

- Για συνήθειες, μόνιμες καταστάσεις ή γενικές αλήθειες. George usually drinks milk in the morning. My family and I live in London. The sun rises in the East.
- 2. Με μελλοντική σημασία, για δρομολόγια μεταφορικών μέσων, ωρολόγια προγράμματα, κτλ.

  The next train to London leaves at 5 pm.

  Schools close in June.

  The film starts at nine o'clock.
- Για ζωντανές αφηγήσεις και οδηγίες.
   Then the door opens and a tall man comes in.
   You put in the eggs and then you add the sugar.

#### **KEY WORDS / PHRASES**

- Επιρρήματα συχνότητας:

   always, usually, often, sometimes, seldom, rarely, never
   Πριν από το κύριο ρήμα: We sometimes play tennis.
   I don't always get up early.
- **Mετά** το ρήμα **be**: *Mum is often busy.* once a week/year, every day/week, on Mondays, in the morning, at weekends, in (the) summer ... Στο **τέλος** ή στην **αρχή** της πρότασης: *I go to the cinema at weekends.*OR: **At weekends** *I go to the cinema.*

#### PRESENT CONTINUOUS

#### **FORM**

Affirmative	Interrogative
l am playing	Am I playing?
you are playing	Are you playing
he/she/it is playing	Is he/she/it playir
we are playing	Are we playing?
you are playing	Are you playing
they are playing	Are they playing

#### Negative

I am not playing
you are not playing
ng? he/she/it is not playing
we are not playing
you are not playing
they are not playing

#### **SHORT FORMS**

Affirmative	Negative
'm, you're	I'm not
ne's, we're	he's not / he isn't
	wo're not / we aren

### SPELLING TIPS come → comin

come → coming
run → running
lie → lying

Y	ES	/ <b>N</b> C	)
A	NS	WEI	RS

- Yes, I am.	- No, I'm not.
- Yes, he is.	- No, he isn't.
- Yes, we are.	- No, we aren't

#### USE

- Για πράξεις που γίνονται τη στιγμή που μιλάμε.
   Mrs Green is having a bath right now.
   Why aren't you listening to me? Am I boring you?
- 2. Για προσωρινές ή εξελισσόμενες καταστάσεις.

  Our grandparents are staying with us this week.

  More and more people are studying at universities nowadays.
- 3. Για προγραμματισμένες πράξεις στο κοντινό μέλλον.

  She's leaving for Oxford tomorrow.

They're going to Scotland this weekend.

4. Για να δείξουμε ενόχληση με τα always, constantly (=διαρκώς, μονίμως), forever (=συνέχεια). He's always asking me for money! My parents are constantly checking my homework! It's forever raining in this city!

#### **KEY WORDS / PHRASES**

(right) now, at the moment, this week/month/year, these days, today, tonight ...

### **Lesson 1b**

#### Non-continuous Verbs

Τα **Non-continuous** / **Stative verbs**, δε σχηματίζουν χρόνους διαρκείας (continuous) γιατί αναφέρονται σε μία κατάσταση (state) και όχι σε συγκεκριμένη ενέργεια. Με αυτά τα ρήματα χρησιμοποιούμε απλούς χρόνους (Present Simple, Past Simple, etc.).

# Glossary

#### **REVISION LESSON 1** p. 4-9

#### WORDS

achieve κατορθώνω

afterwards μετά, στη συνέχεια

allowance χαρτζιλίκι

amount ποσότητα

ancient αρχαίος

annual ετήσιος

anxiety αγωνία

apologize απολογούμαι, ζητώ συγγνώμη

approach (n./v.) προσέγγιση / πλησιάζω

assume υποθέτω

available διαθέσιμος

aware (of) ενήμερος για

bargain τιμή ευκαιρίας

beg ικετεύω, παρακαλώ

calculate υπολογίζω

carry out (phr. v.) εκτελώ, διεξάγω

cash μετρητά

cheque επιταγή

collect συλλέγω, μαζεύω

compass πυξίδα

compromise (n./v.) συμβιβασμός,

συμβιβάζομαι

count (on) βασίζομαι, στηρίζομαι

credit card πιστωτική κάρτα

dead νεκρός

depend (on) εξαρτώμαι

destination προορισμός

develop αναπτύσσω

digital ψηφιακός

discovery ανακάλυψη

distracted που του αποσπάται η προσοχή

disturb ενοχλώ

do without (phr. v.) τα καταφέρνω / τη

βγάζω χωρίς

during κατά την διάρκεια

earn βγάζω χρήματα, κερδίζω

embarrassing που προκαλεί αμηχανία

emergency έκτακτη ανάγκη

encouragement ενθάρρυνση

essential απαραίτητος

experience (v./n.) βιώνω / πείρα, εμπειρία

extremely υπερβολικά

fail αποτυγχάνω

faraway απομακρυσμένος

fascinate γοητεύω, συναρπάζω

go down (phr. v.) βυθίζομαι

head (v.) κατευθύνομαι

ignore αγνοώ

immediately αμέσως

introduce παρουσιάζω, συστήνω

investigate (δι)ερευνώ

lift ανελκυστήρας

limit (n./v.) όριο, περιορίζω

locate εντοπίζω

manage καταφέρνω, διαχειρίζομαι

memorize απομνημονεύω

nearby κοντά

notice παρατηρώ, προσέχω

operate χειρίζομαι, χειρουργώ

opportunity ευκαιρία

pacific ocean ειρηνικός ωκεανός

possession απόκτημα, αγαθό

possessive κτητικός

prevent εμποδίζω, αποτρέπω

prize έπαθλο, βραβείο

purchase (n./v.) αγορά / αγοράζω

race αγώνας, διαγωνισμός

rainstorm καταινίδα

realize συνειδητοποιώ

reasonable λογικός

reply (n.) απάντηση

requirement απαίτηση

rescue σώζω

residential κατοικημένος

respectful που σέβεται τους άλλους

rudely με αγένεια

ruin καταστρέφω

run out (phr. v.) εξαντλώ/ούμαι

search αναζητώ, ψάχνω

sense (n./v.) αίσθηση, διαισθάνομαι

set out (phr. v.) ξεκινώ

shopping mall εμπορικό κέντρο

signal (n./v.) σήμα / σηματοδοτώ

sink βυθίζομαι

slice φέτα

suburban προαστιακός

sudden ξαφνικός

sulk κατσουφιάζω

survive επιβιώνω

tale ιστορία, μύθος

tool εργαλείο

tour guide ξεναγός

tradition παράδοση

try on (phr. v.) δοκιμάζω, προβάρω ρούχο

unlike ανόμοιος, διαφορετικός

vacation διακοπές

variety ποικιλία

walk into (phr. v.) πέφτω πάνω σε

weak αδύναμος

willing πρόθυμος

#### **PHRASES**

couple - a couple of κάνα δύο

forward - look forward to ανυπομονώ να

least - at least τουλάχιστον

lifetime - the sth of a lifetime κτ μοναδικό,

αξέχαστο

own - on my own μόνος / μόνη μου

soon - as soon as μόλις

take part in συμμετέχω, παίρνω μέρος

time - have a great time περνάω υπέροχα wide variety μεγάλη ποικιλία

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### WORDS

accessible προσιτός, προσβάσιμος

accident ατύχημα

achieve κατορθώνω

act like (a manager) (συμπερι)φέρομαι

σαν (διευθυντής)

admire θαυμάζω

adopt υιοθετώ

agree συμφωνώ

although παρόλο που, αν και

amazing καταπληκτικός

artist καλλιτέχνης

assist βοηθάω

assistant βοηθός

auction (n./v.) δημοπρασία / δημοπρατώ

award (n./v.) βραβείο / απονέμω (π.χ.

benefit (n./v.) όφελος / ωφελούμαι, ωφελώ

bring about (phr. v.) προκαλώ, επιφέρω

care (n./v.) φροντίδα / νοιάζομαι

case κιβώτιο, περίπτωση